

STONY PLAIN SUN.

Provincial Librarian



VOLUME Eighteen

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA. THURSDAY, MAR. 31, 1938

ROYAL CAFE, STONY PLAIN

Why Not Eat at the Royal Cafe, the Best Place in Town?
Hot Meals. Good Cooking. Best Service.
Ice Cream. Soft Drinks. Confectionery. Fruit.

L. M. LARSON, Proprietor.

"Scandalous Misrepresentation."

Don C. Brown, member of the reportorial staff of the Edmonton Journal, through approval of the legislature as a whole of a recommendation of the committee on elections and privileges, on Thursday, was ordered to be delivered and detained by the warden of the Lethbridge jail during the pleasure of the legislative assembly.

A division being called on the recommendation, it was carried by 39 to 17.

According to the report of the committee, Mr. Brown, who wrote the column "Under the Dome," under the pen name of "Decibels," was found guilty by the committee of writing two paragraphs declared to be "scandalous misrepresentation."

The committee asked that Mr. Speaker Dawson issue a warrant for execution by Sergeant-at-Arms H. S. Newby, for the removal to and delivery at the Lethbridge jail.

The warrant for Mr. Brown's arrest was not executed immediately, although it is understood that all details were completed.

The complaint against Mr. Brown was that he misquoted Dr. J. L. Robinson, S. C., Medicine Hat.

On Friday the Legislature passed a resolution to release Mr. Brown from custody. The warrant for Mr. Brown's arrest had not been acted upon.

FARMERS' MEAT MARKET.

FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS.
DRESSED POULTRY.
CATTLE AND HOGS BOUGHT EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK. HIGHEST PRICES PAID.
PHONE SEVEN. STONY PLAIN.

IF YOUR FAVORITE RADIO PROGRAMS ARE MARRED BY POOR RECEPTION, HAVE YOUR RECEIVER TUNED UP BY

GEORGE TRAPP,
EXPERT RADIO TECHNICIAN.

THE SUN BOOK SHOP.

School Supplies Our Specialty.

WE TAKE ORDERS FOR TEXT BOOKS ISSUED BY THE DEPT. OF EDUCATION; AND ALSO FOR ALL BOOKS ISSUED BY THE INSTITUTE OF APPLIED ART, EDMONTON.
WE HAVE ON HAND USED TEXT BOOKS FOR HIGH SCHOOL AND PUBLIC SCHOOL GRADES.

Another Eatery to Open.

Wong Choo, the Celestial who operated a restaurant in the local hotel building for several years, and retired when he sold the business to Mr. Emil Miller, intends returning to Stony Plain, and is now negotiating for premises on Main street where he will operate a place to serve meals.

Whist Drive Winners.

The third event in the series of whist drives the Ball Club is putting on, took place on Thursday, March 24th, in the town hall, with a good attendance. The winners were Men—D. E. Moyer 1, Oscar Summerfield 2.

Ladies: Mrs. Wood 1, Eileen Wudel 2.

Grand Championship of the series was won by William Miller.

Bednarski Sale on Saturday.

Mr. Jan Bednarski, one of Stony Plain's merchants, intends holding a sale of the contents of his residence on Third ave. on Saturday next, April 2d. Most of the articles are practically new, having been in use only since the family moved here about a year ago. Mr. Zucht will be the auctioneer, and there will be no reserve on articles offered.

Regular Talkie Assured.

Progress has been made in the project to assure a showing of the popular movie talkies in Stony Plain regularly each week. The services of a competent operator had been arranged for, and the balance of the plan seemed easy to put thru.

Owing to the absence from town of one of the interested parties, there has been a halt in the proceedings, but we have been given to understand that it is only a matter of a short time until we have a regular weekly talkie in Stony Plain.

A Unique Law Suit.

Mr. Justice Howson, in the Supreme Court in Calgary last week, presided at one of the most unique cases heard in an Alberta court in many years.

It was an action claiming \$1897 damages because a rented farm was said to be so infested with weeds it could not be profitably operated.

The plaintiff, Wm. Gussella of the Carstairs district, sued Mrs. I. B. Lowell, also of the Carstairs district, claiming damages on the grounds that when he rented the farm in March, 1937, it was described as being one of the best in the district.

A Fair Start.

The Editor of a magazine featuring funny stories and jokes received a letter accompanying a number of would-be jokes, in which the writer asked "What will you give me for these?" "Ten yards start," was the reply.

HARDWICK'S

YOUR HOME TOWN STORE.

Men's Hats,
\$1.95 and \$2.50.

Vacation



Ladies' Hats,
\$1.95 and \$2.50.

Ladies' Dresses
\$1.29, \$1.95, \$2.95
and \$3.95.

Corticelli Silk Hosiery,
75c. and \$1 pair.

Corticelli
Quality
SILK HOSE

Get It at HARDWICK'S.

AGENTS ALBERTA DAIRY POOL.

Chicago Institute of Diesel Engineering.

We are selecting a few mechanically inclined men to take a training in Diesel Engineering. Excellent opportunities for those who can qualify themselves to enter this fast-growing field. We will be pleased to forward information to those interested. Write stating age to Box 248, Calgary, Alta.

KELLY'S HALL, THURS., APRIL 7.

"Sporting Chance."

with BUSTER COLLIER, CLAUDIA DELL,
and JAMES HALL.

Time 7.30. Adults 35c. Children 10c.

Canadian National Railways

Low Excursion Fares!

VANCOUVER - VICTORIA

Tickets on sale daily to May 14, 1938.

Return Limit: First Class 3 Months. Intermediate & Coach Class, 6 Months.

Specially Reduced First Class Tickets on sale daily to Feb. 28, 1938. Return Limit

April 30th, 1938.

Full Information from any Agent.

Canadian National Railways

"IT BEATS THE BAND"

—the way Ogden's Fine Cut satisfies particular "roll-over-overs." They'll tell you that this smooth, mellow Fine Cut is a sure bet for the man who wants to drum up a full measure of smoking pleasure. Ogden's Fine Cut with "Chanticleer" or "Vague" Papers—that's the mellowing touch to genuine satisfaction in rolling your own cigarettes.



Distributing Irrigation Costs

Before all idea of construction of major irrigation projects in Western Canada as State enterprises is abandoned on the ground that such schemes are not economically feasible, more serious consideration might well be given to the question of the extent to which such projects should be expected to be self-sustaining per se.

That the economic angle, as well as the question of the engineering feasibility of larger irrigation schemes in the west, should be the subject of careful and impartial inquiry, has previously been hinted in this column, and it is a hopeful sign that support for such suggestions is now forthcoming from some of the influential press in Eastern Canada; at least some of the more important Eastern journals are giving some space to this aspect of the problem.

Other Beneficiaries

Provided irrigation projects can be shown to be an engineering feasibility it does not necessarily follow that they should be condemned because they cannot stand on their own feet financially, as there are beneficiaries, other than the owners or occupants of irrigated lands, who do not contribute to these projects when costs are assessed solely against the benefited lands.

For instance, it must be admitted by fair minded students of the subject that irrigation projects, ensuring as they do a regular continuity of agricultural production and revenue, invariably bring in their train new or enlarged villages and towns with their attendant industrial and commercial payrolls and businesses, which contribute nothing towards the cost of the irrigation schemes which have made them possible and insure their prosperity.

More Beneficiaries Created

Businesses thus augmented, in addition to the newly created agricultural production, in their turn provide more business for other industries more geographically remote from the transportation companies, the latter both incoming and outgoing, but these industries and carriers contribute nothing towards the irrigation projects which make such increased business possible, unless they happen to own some of the land directly benefited.

Then, too, there are others who benefit from irrigation projects, though not called upon to contribute towards the cost. These are the proprietors of businesses arising from and dependent upon the produce of the irrigated lands, and their employees—ordinarily referred to as secondary business.

Thus, it can be demonstrated without fear of contradiction that irrigation projects are of national benefit and while the monetary benefit to these secondary beneficiaries may not be exactly computable it is quite evident that their returns therefrom represent a very substantial percentage of the original cost. For this reason at least a part of the cost, if not all of it, should be a charge against the country as a whole.

An Emergency Expenditure

A good argument could also be made of the contention that an additional portion of the cost of such schemes, under emergency conditions which the west has faced during the past few years, should be a care of the national treasury on the basis of unemployment works programs. With a substantial percentage of the cost borne by the nation on these two grounds, it is quite conceivable that schemes which would be considered uneconomical if the entire cost were levied against the benefited lands, could quite easily be financially self-supporting.

This viewpoint was well set forth in an article on "The Possibilities in Western Irrigation" by Harold E. Crowie in a recent issue of the Toronto Saturday Night when he pointed out that: "It is now generally recognized in the United States that irrigation systems should never be called upon to repay back directly much of the capital cost of these undertakings."

"It is abundantly clear that the nation as a whole," he continued, "derives so many real and valuable advantages and benefits as a consequence of the construction of these projects and the settling up of the lands to be irrigated, that it can well afford to assume the greater part or the whole of the cost of their construction."

A National Question

Supporting the contention advanced in this column not very long ago, that the question of large scale irrigation in the west is worthy of further inquiry, Mr. Crowie, while admitting that "irrigation farmers have not and never will be able to carry on and at the same time repay the capital cost of irrigation systems," declares that the financial aspect should be approached "from a national point of view rather than looking upon it from the narrow angle of direct monetary returns."

And with this viewpoint Mr. Crowie appropriately suggests that the appointment of either a special federal commission or the employment of a staff of competent engineers is warranted "to make a complete and satisfactory survey of irrigation possibilities in the arid regions of Western Canada."

With Eastern writers adopting this viewpoint of the question there is some prospect that the claims of the west for at least a thorough investigation into the question may not be overlooked.

Another Viewpoint

Nations Which Involve Entire Resources In War Always Lose

Vernon Bartlett, in World Review, London, says: In the last three years we have heard so much of the horrors of war in Abyssinia, Spain and China that many of us take it for granted our own country must sooner or later be involved in similar miseries. But we overlook one factor of transcendent importance—never before in history has it been so obvious that war cannot pay, even when all the bombs and tanks and artillery are on one side, as they were in the Abyssinian affair. Without foreign credits Italy can do nothing to develop her conquered territory, and she can find no credits unless she changes her whole foreign policy. I have already called attention to the cost in men and money of the German and Italian war in Spain—a war waged by these non-Spaniards with that sinking feeling that any pickings at the end of it are more likely to go to the City of London than to Berlin or Rome. But the most impressive example is that of Japan. Her entire resources are now involved in a campaign which will almost inevitably exhaust her. . . . It seems almost unbelievable that any nation should manage to forfeit so much good will in so short a time. Who, after such examples, will dare to start a new war?

Just A Repetition

German Invasion Of Austria Parallels Her March Into Belgium

It is to the frightening days of August, 1914, when the steel hosts of the Kaiser first invaded Belgium, that memory reverts to day. Military technique has altered. Motorized vanguards cross the border into Austria and speed swiftly eastward. Overhead planes roar onward to Vienna. Within the first 48 hours the Fuehrer, himself, is due at the capital. The rate of invasion has been greatly accelerated. The fundamentals are unchanged.

It is not too much to say that what Germany has just done in Austria will seem to the outside world a confession of guilt in 1914. In manner, as in effect, the parallel is appallingly complete. Ever since 1919 Germany's leaders have protested the untruth of the admission which the Allies wrung from her envoys at Versailles. Historians have greatly modified the simplicity of the early judgments. Much of the basic blame has been shifted in the eyes of the impartial authorities to the system of nationhood that was pre-war Europe. How much of the more immediate guilt remained? Only the soul of the German people as revealed through later years could give the final answer. Such was the growing conviction of more generous times.

Hence the sinking of the heart which will overwhelm every friend of Germany in the present hour. True, an entire people cannot be held responsible for the deeds of a dictator. Yet, plainly enough, Hitler has marched to his present triumph by and with the consent of the great mass of the German people. The brutality of this latest gesture toward a peaceful nation is but the inevitable sequel of a long chain of acquiescence in earlier savageries.

The mind goes back to the glories that have marked the advance of the German civilization. Once again it is staggered by an incredible reversal to barbarity. What the world feared and for a time believed after 1914 returns to view like some monster of the deep that had become almost an old wives' tale. No alien critic could do this. No enemy, however ingenious or malevolent, could work the harm to the German name which ruthless leaders have now once more accomplished by the rape of a peaceful and inoffensive neighbor—New York Herald Tribune.

Money For Roads

Ontario To Spend Fourteen Million Dollars On Highway Construction

Ontario will spend \$14,000,000 on highway construction in the 1938-39 fiscal year, Premier Hepburn informed the Legislature in his budget address. The proposed expenditure compared with \$35,000,000 last year.

Added highway safety will be the slogan, with engineers instructed to satisfy themselves the finished road is as nearly foolproof as possible. The Government's vision of the day when the main arteries of the system will be in the nature of the super-highway, eliminating incident of accident.

Special consideration will be given to completing gaps in the highway system. Typical of this is the middle road, modern Toronto-Hamilton highway, which must be carried into Toronto so congestion will not apply either on the road or in the city where contact is made.

In Northern Ontario last year the Government constructed 70 miles of new pavement, a greater length than had been completed in all the years from 1920. It prepared 175 miles of grading ready for surfacing this year. Pavement construction in Southern Ontario totalled 264 miles and 75 miles of grade were finished, most of which permits dual-highway development this year.

Enough ragged pollen grains can be grown on a plot 20 feet square to give hay fever to 15,200,000,000 persons.

When only 18 years of age, Francis Bacon was offered an appointment to the staff of a British ambassador in France.

In an automobile, the wheelbase is the distance from the centre of the front axle to the centre of the rear axle. 2248

TESTED RECIPES

By Katharine Baker

A SALAD A DAY

A Good Rule To Adopt In The Home It seems impossible to serve too many salads, either as desserts or as main dishes. You can't serve them often enough to suit most people and "a salad a day" would be a very good rule for most households.

You can accomplish wonders with quick-setting jelly powders when making salads. The jelly provides a lovely background for fruits and vegetables and thrilling color combinations can be evolved from a package of jelly and any of the fruits and vegetables you usually serve. It is a well-known dietetic fact that color has a great deal to do with good digestion, so make your salads gay and attractive.

Here are two salad recipes; one of which can be used for the main course and the other for a dessert. You can be sure that they will get a hearty reception.

Salmon Mould

1 package quick-setting lemon jelly
1 pint warm water
3 tablespoons vinegar
½ teaspoon salt
4 tablespoons drained horseradish
1 cup flaked salmon
1 cup canned peas
1 cup cooked sliced carrots
Dissolve jelly powder in hot water. Add vinegar and ½ teaspoon salt. Pour small amount of jelly in bottom of loaf pan. Chill until firm. Chill remaining jelly until slightly thickened. Add 2 teaspoon salt and horseradish to salmon and vegetables and mix very lightly. When remaining jelly is slightly thickened, fold in fish and vegetable mixture. Turn into loaf pan over firm jelly layer. Chill until firm. Unmould and cut in squares. Serve on crisp lettuce. Garnish with mayonnaise and sprigs of parsley. Serves eight.

Grapefruit And Grape Salad

1 package orange jelly powder
1 cup warm water
1 cup grapefruit juice and water
1 grapefruit, sections free from membrane and seeds
1 cup halved white grapes, seeded
Dissolve jelly powder in warm water. Add grapefruit juice and water. Chill. When slightly thickened, fold in grapefruit and grapes. Turn into ring mold. Chill until firm. Unmould and serve. Serves six.

Moved Coconut Grove

World's Richest Girl Could Not Wait For Trees To Grow

When Doris Duke Cromwell wanted a coconut grove for the back yard of her new \$500,000 beach home in Honolulu, she wanted it quickly, and she got it.

It takes coconut trees long, long years to grow and Mrs. Cromwell did not care to wait that long. So Robert C. Thompson, her landscape architect, solved the problem for her. He purchased a fair size coconut grove near the heart of the city and had it transplanted tree by tree to the Cromwell estate some six miles away.

The cost of the transplanting was estimated at \$150 a tree.

Use Old Method

Some Korea millers still grind grain by the ancient "seaw" method. Put in a stone basin beneath a wood club attached to the plank, the grain is pulverized when the miller stands on the other end of the plank, which is fulcrumed on an axle, and leaps into the air by grasping a rope.

China, with its huge population, has only 80,000 automobiles.

Mothers! Treat Children's Colds This Proved Way

More mothers use VapoRub than any other medication of its kind—they have proved it by use in their own homes. It was justly pronounced in the world's largest cold-remedy contest as "the most effective VapoRub on throat, chest, and back at bedtime. Almost at once, its poultice-and-vapor action starts to loosen phlegm, relieve congestion and coughing, help break local congestion. Often by morning the worst of the cold is over."

VICKS VAPORUB

Benefit Of Foreign Contacts

Travel Will Broaden Only People Who Have Recceptive Mind

A \$25,000 trust, recently established by a business man of Bradford, England, to provide for the visit of 50 schoolboys annually to Canada during the next ten years is yet another sign of the importance that opinion generally has come to assign to travel in the education of the young.

The old adage that "travel broadens the mind" is sound common sense; but it is not, for all that, invariably true: travel may on occasion serve but too well to confirm rooted prejudices; and the story of the Englishman who returned in disgust, because he found only barbarians abroad who could not speak the King's English, is an allegory not without point.

According to Mr. Masfield, "It is only the wonderful traveller who sees a wonderer"; if by that Mr. Masfield meant the wandering traveller, youth is that traveller par excellence; for it has ordinarily and naturally a receptive mind, and observes freshly, largely unhampered by preconceptions.

Benefits of foreign contacts have never been so valuable as to-day, when the good citizen, which, incidentally, it is the main objective of education to produce, finds himself, willy-nilly, a citizen of the world—Christian Science Monitor.

Canadian Dressed Poultury

Says Frozen Chickens Reaching Britain Are From Canada

In a recent issue of the Fish Trades Gazette, published in London, England, a regular feature writer on poultry who signs himself "Other Bird" made some decidedly favourable observations on Canada dressed poultry. He said in part: "As I have said, I think the best frozen chickens are those from Canada. This year, so far, the shipments have been too small. I am afraid a good many chickens have drifted over the border (into the U.S.A.) instead of crossing the ocean. I know there are some to come shortly, so until then we must be satisfied with what we already have."

"It is true that your son had to give up his musical studies because of ear trouble?"

"Yes, I couldn't stand it any more."

The expression "stone-broke" originated from the old custom of breaking a craftsman's stone when he failed to pay his debts.

OVERHEARD IN THE STREET CAR . . .

... I SAVE ON MY FOOD ALLOWANCE BY SAVING THE LEFT-OVERS.. THEY KEEP SO FRESH IN PARA-SANI!



PARA-SANI Heavy WAXED PAPER

APPLEFORD PAPER PRODUCTS LTD.

WAREHOUSES AT

WINNIPEG - REGINA - SASKATOON - CALGARY - EDMONTON

Trip Across Bering Strait Demonstrates How Indians Came To America From Asia

It is possible to walk between North America and Asia. The authenticated fact that one man actually has crossed the 54-mile-wide Bering strait on foot within the last 25 years throws new light on the long-debated problem of how the original inhabitants of the new world, the ancestors of the American Indians, arrived here, according to Dr. John P. Harrington, Smithsonian Institution ethnologist, who has confirmed the accomplishment.

That the Indians came originally from Asia is generally admitted. How they got here has been a much more difficult question to answer. The strait is never completely frozen over. There has remained the possibility of crossing in open boats during the summer, a perilous undertaking. But some of the early migrants, Dr. Harrington says, probably came on foot, regardless of the thin ice and long stretches of open water.

If a white man could do it in 1913, he says, it is reasonable to suppose that Indians could have done it in the closing days of the last ice age when, it is possible, the ice was thicker than it is to-day. Dr. Harrington has just received a letter from Capt. Max Gottschalk of Nome, Alaska, confirming the rumor that he himself made this epic journey.

Capt. Gottschalk's letter reads in part: "Yes, it is true that I crossed the Bering strait on the ice, but I made the journey alone. I left East Cape, Siberia, in March, 1913, with my sled, its load of fur and food, and 16 dogs. It took me two and a half days to reach the Big Diomed Island, travelling at an angle over the moving ice to allow for the northward current. After feeding and resting the dogs, I struck out for Little Diomed Island, which is close by and easily made over the ice, as the ice between the two islands is grounded.

"At Little Diomed a white man by the name of Bill Schroeder, who had been stopping at the village during the winter asked to go along with me as he wished to get to Nome early in the year. He followed me on snowshoes. When we were 25 miles out on the travelling floes, Schroeder fell through. As the temperature was around 20 degrees below zero I wrapped him up in the sled and took him back to Little Diomed Island, where he afterward died.

"I again struck out for Cape Prince of Wales, which is only 25 miles in a straight line from Little Diomed Island, but six and a half days later I finally got ashore at Shishmaref, which is 75 miles out from Cape Prince of Wales. I estimated that during this period I travelled about 200 miles, always heading back southward after being forced north by the fast-moving ice. After resting myself and my dogs for several days I left Shishmaref for Nome, 225 miles away by the coast winter trail.

"The ice conditions are the same on both sides of the islands, the floes being more or less scattered and the current northwesterly. Young ice is constantly forming in the open leads, about four and a half inches thick. It was in one of these spots that Schroeder went through. I could cross these places with my sled and dogs—that is to say some of them—whenever I could find a thick enough to get to the big floe in the direction of the United States coastline. Altogether it was a perilous trip and I do not think I could do it again."

Lamb Travels In Style

Had Groom In Attendance On Long Trip To Argentina

Buenos Aires, Argentina, has greeted the most favored animal traveller to reach its shores in many years. It was Foxhill Royal 116, a southdown shagging ram lamb, which had been bought in England by an Argentine rancher. He cost \$150, but the new owner paid more for his passage. A special home was built for him on the top deck of the ship, and a groom was in constant attendance. Foxhill Royal 116 was insured for \$800, his value to-day.

Denmark Cleanest Place

Woman Ex-Ambassador Tells Of Life In That Country

The Hon. Ruth Bryan Owen held the undivided attention of more than 1,000 women when she addressed the joint luncheon meeting of the Women's Canadian Club and the American Women's Club in the banquet hall of the Royal York Hotel, Toronto.

For an hour she combined wit and poetry of speech as she presented vignettes of Danish life and recounted her impressions of a visit to Denmark's cloed colony, Greenland. Mrs. Owen spoke of Danish co-operative farms which she had seen on a trailer tour with her son and daughter and two young friends. The cleanest places in the world, she asserted, were where white pigs lived on white straw in white-washed boxes.

"I was acutely conscious that those pigs were cleaner than my children," the speaker remarked.

Farmers told her, she continued, that the co-operative farm system has been so perfected that if a faulty egg were found in a shipment sent to England, it could be tracked back to the guilty hen.

Greenland, a country of ice and wintry darkness, was named about 1800 in a fit of real estate promotion, the speaker said. Icelandic discoverers were sure such an attractive name would attract settlers. Although Denmark provides churches, schools and hospitals, no outsiders are permitted to visit Greenland unless they have a legitimate reason. Eskimos are thus protected from contracting the bad habits and diseases of the white man. Mrs. Owen described the simple life of the natives where each family was self-supporting and where crime seldom spread beyond two or three petty thefts a year.

Divorce was almost unknown among Eskimos, continued the speaker, relating the story of one couple who were determined to separate. But friends of the husband asked him what the King of Denmark would say if he were to ban the family fracas. "That's enough," declared the husband. "We won't embarrass the King."

Term Too Embracing

Senator McGeigh Thinks Canada Does Not Need Foreign Policy

I do not like at all the term "foreign affairs" in relation to Canada, said Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, in the Senate. Perhaps I am out of date, but it seems to me very preposterous for us to be talking about a foreign policy. Professors write learned books and magazine articles on the subject. I read a book a little while ago, before it was finally published, about the foreign policy of Canada. The term is altogether too embracing.

If we are to have a foreign policy we must launch upon a course of conduct wholly different and mightily more portentous than we are embarked upon to-day. We have external relations, of course, but that is a less ambitious term. It does seem hard to comprehend how people take this country so seriously as a great influential factor in world affairs.

I do not want to minimize our strength and our growing consequence, but this picture of Canada constantly assuming to lead democracies in matter of foreign affairs is really pretty tiresome. We had better realize just where we are and what we amount to, and behave accordingly.

A Human Alarm Clock

Charlie Hughes, 50 years old, climbed a 20-foot pole in his back yard, placed his mail order bugle to his lips and let go the blaring notes of reveille. Thus, with a smile of satisfaction, he completed his 14th year as the self-appointed human alarm clock for Baxter, Tenn., a village of 600 persons.

Under normal pressure steam expands about 1,700 times its own volume.

Largest Sun

Astronomers Tell Us Of A Star That Dwarfs The Sun Of Our Solar System

Dr. Otto Struve, the director of the Yerkes Observatory, Wisconsin, has just announced that the star Epsilon Aurigae, visible to the naked eye as a star of the third magnitude, is the largest known sun in the universe, with a diameter of 2,600,000,000 miles. The sun's diameter is 866,000 miles; the diameter of Epsilon Aurigae, therefore, is 3,000 times greater than that of our day-star, and nearly as great as the diameter of the whole solar system. In volume this giant star exceeds the sun many million times.

Dr. Struve's discovery is significant in that it indicates a considerably greater range than was generally allowed for. Within the past 20 years the dimensions of several stellar giants have been measured with a fair degree of accuracy. The diameter of Arcturus is about 21,000,000 miles, that of Aldebaran 35,000,000. Betelgeux and Antares are much larger—the former 273,000,000 and the latter 400,000,000 miles in diameter. Antares and Betelgeux are so much larger than Aldebaran and Arcturus and other giants whose dimensions have been measured or estimated that they have often been referred to as "super-giants."

However, it appears that these super-giants are themselves mere dwarfs in comparison with Epsilon Aurigae. In comparison with this enormous body our own stellar dwarf the sun, one and a quarter million times smaller than the earth, appears more insignificant than ever—Manchester Guardian.

Forest Conservation

Says Public Opinion Is Ahead Of Public Leadership

That public opinion throughout Canada on the subject of conservation of forests and wild life is "a mile and a half ahead" of public leadership was charged last by Robson Black of Montreal, vice-president and manager of the Canadian Forestry Association in an address at the Royal Military College at Kingston before an audience of R.M.C. and Queen's students under auspices of the Engineering Institute of Canada.

Declaring that the public-owned forest resources of Canada were part of a very limited stock of the world's raw materials upon which an incredibly great expansion of pulp manufactures depended, the speaker claimed that a rich bonus was in store for every Canadian county and province that retained and improved its resources in wood fibre.

Mr. Black spoke of forest conservation as the outstanding economic and social problem facing the people of Canada.

Sales of radio sets in France are about half those of a year ago and radio manufacturers are disarming employees.

The things you can't explain are generally none of your business anyway.

Fashion's Chief Note—Embroidery



Household Arts by Alice Brooks

This Simple Embroidery Dresses You Up

PATTERN 6092

Embroider gay field flowers on your frock in simple, quick stitches! Pattern 6092 contains a transfer pattern of 1 and 1 reverse motif 9 1/2 x 9 1/2 inches and 2 reverse motif 7 1/2 x 8 1/2 inches. 3 motifs 5 1/2 x 3 1/2 inches and 3 motifs 3 1/2 x 5 inches; color scheme; illustrations of stitches; material needed.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

Should Exercise Care In Procuring Best Seed Wheat Suitable to Local Conditions

Manure For Wheat

Use Has Resulted In Substantial Increase In Yields

While barnyard manure is used on vegetable gardens in all parts of Western Canada its value when applied on wheat fields is appreciated by relatively few farmers.

Results obtained on the Dominion Experimental Station at Scott, Sask., during the past 20 years show that the application of barnyard manure has resulted in substantial increases in the yields obtained. Not only does the first crop following its application benefit but succeeding crops after fallow also show increased yields of from two to five bushels per acre.

On the Illustration Stations at Hafford and Meota, Sask. and Meenook, Alta., barnyard manure has been applied on cut stubble and ploughed into the summerfallow. Increased yields have resulted from its use on each station. In the case of Meota, where very low yields were obtained in the last two years, the increase in yield was barely sufficient to pay for the labour required to spread the manure. At Hafford and Meenook, increases as high as 5.4 bushels of wheat per acre have been obtained.

Barnyard manure has also been used on experimental and demonstration plots of grain, grasses and legumes on Illustration Station in Northern Saskatchewan. These included a wide variety of soil types but were principally on grey bush and black or peaty soils.

The results for several years show a rather wide variability. On practically all upland plots of grey bush or loam soil where manure was worked into the soil, increased yields were obtained. Top dressing on which has not given as good results as manure ploughed under. Where weed counts have been made there has been no evidence of increased infestation resulting from the use of manure.

Continued use of manure tends to hasten maturity of grains. Residual effects are carried over into succeeding crops.

More Respectful

Charles M. Schwab, the United States millionaire, was very fond of farce, and one day he asked his secretary to get him two tickets for "Charlie's Aunt."

The secretary called a messenger and said: "Go around to the theatre and get two tickets for 'Charlie's Aunt.'"

The messenger hesitated, then said: "Hadm't I better say for Mr. Schwab's aunt, sir?"

Lower (clapping with his adored): "How much of the fare?"

"Taxi Driver: 'That is all right, sir. The young lady's father settled all that.'"

In the regulations under the Seeds Act grades of seed are defined as Registered Seed, Certified Seed and General seeds of Commerce. Seed to qualify for a Registered or Certified seed grade must be of an approved variety, true to name, and seed under all grades must be well matured, plump, sound, sweet, well cleaned and graded to remove small, shrunk, immature or broken kernels and insect matter. It must possess strong vitality and conform to standards of freedom from noxious weed seeds and other impurities prescribed for the different grades.

Government and private plant breeders are continually working on the improvement of seed varieties. These improved varieties, once they are sufficiently tested at different trial grounds throughout the country to prove their value, are approved for registration or certification. Under the rules and regulations of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association and the Production Services, Plant Products, Dominion Department of Agriculture.

It should be emphasized that certain varieties of seeds are best suited for certain farms and conditions. The varieties most suitable for any farm can only be determined accurately by trial tests, which each farmer is urged to make.

This is the time of the year when a farmer should plan to sow enough registered or certified seeds in a small plot to test their value on his own farm. To this task a good piece of land, prepare it well, and clean the drill carefully before sowing. Take good care of this plot and if the crop is superior to the main crop use the seed threshed from it for sowing purposes in the following spring. This is a practical way of renewing the seed supply at little extra cost.

Grasshopper Threat

Authorities: More Optimistic This Year As Danger Lessens

The Dominion department of agriculture is slightly more optimistic this year concerning the grasshopper threat on the prairies.

The entomological branch forecast issued said control campaigns undoubtedly will be continued in Saskatchewan and Alberta this year but it was unlikely that organized control will be necessary in Manitoba.

Forecast for Saskatchewan is somewhat more favorable. Actual area infested has increased materially but in general the intensity of infestation has decreased.

"The vast areas in which grasshoppers are still present in destructive abundance and a thoroughly organized control campaign will undoubtedly be continued by the provincial authorities with whom the Dominion officials will co-operate as need requires," the forecast continued.

"The most striking feature of the situation is the great extension of the infested area eastward and northward into the park belt. This has brought the outbreak into new territory where the growers are unaccustomed to carrying on control work.

In Alberta it is forecast the outbreak will decrease somewhat in intensity but will require widespread and well organized control to avoid ruinous losses of crop in very large districts."

Most striking features are the increase in severely infested districts between Lethbridge and Calgary and the eastward spread of infested territory in the south. A great proportion of the increase of territory involved is but lightly infested and will not require organized control.

New Type Pocket Stove

Deszo Nagy, an engineer of Budapest, Hungary, has invented a new type of pocket stove. It looks like a small cylinder, and inside is a fuel of ground charcoal, paper, and powdered chestnuts. An ounce is said to provide warmth for six hours.

The world's largest map of Canada measures 30 by 150 feet.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

The House of Commons gave third reading to the bill providing for separate grading of Garret wheat.

Veteran of the Royal North West Mounted Police, who served in the Riel rebellion of 1885, Charles Knight, 75, died at his home in Calgary.

Her three sons and a daughter were present when Mrs. Margaret Ziegler celebrated her 101st birthday anniversary at Bateman, Sask.

Royalists 20, test well in the extreme north end of the Turner Valley field, came into production recently with a light flow of crude oil.

The Norwegian government has asked parliament to appropriate 52,000,000 kroner (about \$13,000,000) to finance extra defence measures.

Prime Minister Joseph Lyons declared the Australian government has every intention of honoring its pre-election pledges and has no intention of introducing conscription.

President Lazaro Cardenas assured Mexican industry that expropriation of foreign oil companies was "exceptional" and no similar measure is in prospect against other businesses.

Flying Officer A. E. Clouston and his companion, Victor Rickards, set a new England-New Zealand flight record, making the round flight from London in four days, eight hours, seven minutes.

A total of 42,633 placements have been made under the farm improvement and employment plan in the four western provinces. Labor Minister Norman Rogers told T. C. Douglas (C.C.F., Weyburn) in the House of Commons.

MAKE THIS CHARMING PANEL
FROCK IF YOU'LL LOOK
YOUNG AND SLIM

By Anne Adams



If you want to look young and slender (and what Matron doesn't?), then choose this charming frock of Anne Adams design! Take your choice of short flared sleeves, or a longer "capped" version—and run up Pattern #442 in a dainty flowered chiffon, or a "spaced" synthetic print! You'll look your best at afternoon teas and parties in those graceful, paneled lines, and a soft, feminine flow to accent your becoming neckline! And here's a dress that's really easy to make, so won't it prove worth your while to spend a few hours with the easy pattern and some inexpensive material? Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included.

Pattern #442 is available in women's sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48. Size 36 takes 4½ yards 36 inch fabric.

Sent twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send order to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

Australia's wheat crop is expected to be 163,000,000 bushels, or 13,000,000 bushels more than last season.

FLIN FLON

"The Story of Its Finding and Position To-day"

By PRATT KUHN

FUNNY FACTS ABOUT
FLIN FLON

A tremendous output of 4,500 ore tons daily, containing copper, zinc, cadmium, gold, silver—and sulphur—that's the Flin Flon mine of to-day. It's so simple. All you have to do is to find immense rocks, spend thirty millions or more, and then sell the results at a profit.

Along the way of course you have to erect power plants, dam and drain lakes, build railways, employ 1,700 men, build a town, sewers, water works, etc., etc., and all on the top of immense rocks where little or no soil is available.

Sewers had to be constructed on top of the rock, and water mains had to be laid there too. How, then, to prevent freezing in the cold north? Well, the engineers constructed continuous boxes, insulated them and installed the pipes inside. There hasn't been a freeze-up or failure of water supply, though for the sewers the water is heated under high pressure is pumped through the pipes, and that's unusual too.

In fact, the whole of Flin Flon, the type of people who live there, the pleasant way they address you, is quite different from what you imagine a mining town to be. It's a town of 7,000 inhabitants and growing so fast improvements can hardly keep up, would be.

There are two strips of concrete sidewalk in the whole town, each two store widths long, on the main street. The rest is rock and dust—lots of dust.

Experiments with Alberta tar sands and asphalt slag from the Flin Flon mills to pave streets and sidewalks is being tried. There's a strip of asphalt walk laid in front of the Post Office and it looks good. So perhaps this material will solve the paving problems of Flin Flon.

There's a matter of haulage, of course, from Alberta through Prince Albert, Sask., to Hudson's Bay Junction, Man., and then many miles to Flin Flon, but something will have to be done, and quickly, because autos have increased from 10 in 1936 to 200 in 1937.

Phantom Lake, about two miles away, has a more or less regular daily auto bus service started early in July. This has also run to Mile 34 to Channing and back to Flin Flon.

To get to the Island Falls power station, where the electric power is transmitted to Flin Flon mines and the town, you take a motor boat trip lasting a day, plus portages, or fly the 64 miles in 40 minutes.

Flin Flon has a lot of things "different," including "the world's largest sporting arena on the bed of a dried-out lake" where a six-hole golf course, baseball and occasional football is played. Even the golf hazards are "different" and hard, including rocks, clay bottoms and sand greens, but people have a lot of fun trying the pill on this course, nevertheless. It's known as The Lake Bottom Golf Club.

Plight Of Rural Teachers

Teachers Receive Less Than Girls Paid For Factory Work

To-day we find the deplorable condition of many rural teachers being paid less than what girls receive for factory work. When it is considered that young men and young women have to make a sizable cash outlay and spend from five to six years after leaving elementary schools to equip themselves for the teaching profession, it becomes readily apparent that they are woefully underpaid, even though they receive the \$500 minimum wage set by a provincial regulation.

That is less than \$10 a week over the calendar year. True, teachers have a long vacation in mid-summer, but they cannot live on air while they are not teaching. Moreover, some have to go to the additional expense of taking summer courses to hold their positions—Kitchener Record.

Passes Through Many Hands

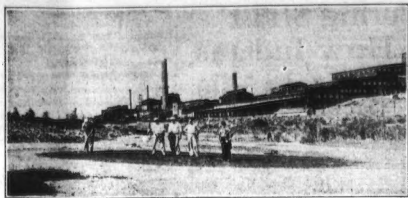
Counterfeit money is usually marketed this way: The printer sells it to a dealer at 15 cents on the dollar. The dealer then sells it to a distributor at 25 cents per dollar and the distributor disposes of it to a passer at 40 cents on the dollar—enabling the guy who does the risky work to make 150 per cent. profit.

"Jack, the darling, told me I was the only girl he had ever loved."

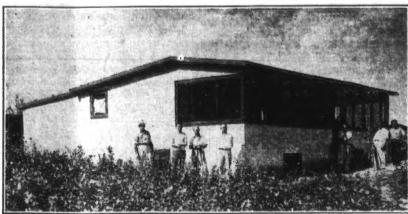
"Yes, and doesn't he say it beautifully?"

"Weren't you furious when her father threw you out of the house?"

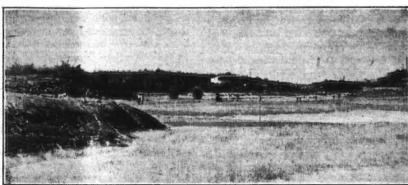
"Oh, I humo—it's not much of a house."



Putting on the sand and green at Lake Bottom Golf Course at Flin Flon, Manitoba. Note plant in background.



The club house at Lake Bottom Golf Club, Flin Flon, Manitoba.



Lots of hazards on this golf course at Flin Flon, laid out on what was the bottom of a lake drained away in mine operations.

Gardening

In planting shrubbery, a good general rule to follow is to allow about half as much space between plants as the height of those plants when fully grown. This will mean that the ordinary Spirea Van Houttei, for instance, a shrub of about 6-7 feet in height at maturity in most parts of the Dominion, should have at least three feet between it and a neighbor. The rule holds good for most things from eight feet down to a few inches, and it particularly applies to planting about foundations.

Very often shrubbery is placed much too close to the house wall or fence with the result that the full beautiful symmetry of the bush is not attained. The rule about spacing does not hold good for large trees, however, which can be placed much closer together for clump or background effect but must not be permitted to shade the ground entirely if grass or flowers are to be grown underneath.

Leaf lettuce, radish, spinach and the first of the garden peas will be among the earliest vegetables sown. These may be planted as soon as the ground is fit to work. All of the first named seeds should be sown at least three times at intervals of ten days so that there will be succession of vegetables. The second group of crops will be carrots, beets, onions, potatoes, etc., which can stand a little frost, and then beans, corn and tomato, cabbage and cauliflower plants, etc., which will with frost, and finally those hot weather vegetables like lima beans, squash well started, egg and pepper plants, cucumbers, melons and similar things. All garden rules, it should be remembered, however, are only approximate, and should be varied a little to suit the local climate and individual preference.

Most gardeners order considerably more seed than is necessary to fill the regular garden. After any "misses" have been filed, garden authorities advise sowing the remainder in rows at the back for cutting, where any type of flower may be planted in the row. The colorful array will be welcome.

Everything Has Its Use

The prickly pear seems destined to come into its own as a radiator cleaner, following discoveries at the Australian Technological Museum. Research workers there have developed a liquid from the leaves of the fruit that is capable of removing all "fur" from car radiators and engine boilers.

Hogarth and Cruikshank, two English cartoonists, employed the "continuity" idea long before the American comic strip was founded.

A large majority of flowers which depend upon bees for pollination are either red or blue.

Sunday Trading Restrictions

English Social And Religious Forces Win Preliminary Victory

Social and religious forces in England are now combining to increase again the observance of Sunday, in the traditional English manner, as a day of rest and worship. A preliminary victory in this campaign has been won in the passing of the Shops (Sunday Trading Restrictions) Act, which recently came into full force.

Until a few weeks ago Sunday trading was carried on in various parts of Britain on a considerable scale. Mr. J. R. Leslie, M.P., says that in certain sections of London 75 per cent. of the shops were accustomed to open on the first day of the week. In Cardiff more than a thousand shops, in Swansea more than 500, and in Glasgow more than 5,600 opened on Sundays. Sir John Haslam, M.P., estimates that at the beginning of 1938 roughly 3,000,000 people worked in Britain on Sundays. The new Act imposes a fine of £5 for the first offense and £20 for the second, but it makes provision for many classes of exemption. It is not therefore altogether satisfactory from the point of view of a large section of its supporters, but they welcome it as a step in the right direction.—Christian Science Monitor.

Were On Their Way

Two workmen were having dinner by the roadside when some hikers asked them the way to Canterbury. One of the men told them, and away they went.

When they had gone, the other workman said to the one who had given the direction—"Funny, I never did know the way to Canterbury myself."

"Neither do I," replied the other. "I often wonder where they all land."

Trip Not Necessary

A Kansas farmer stopped at a bank to see if he could get a loan on his farm.

"It might be arranged," said the banker. "I'll drive out with you and appraise it."

"You won't need to bother," said the farmer, noticing a huge cloud of dust rolling up the road. "Here it comes now."

The word "and" is used 46,273 times in the Bible.

Pictures now can be taken in absolute darkness, without even the aid of a flashlight.

League of Health
of Canada
presents
TOPICS
OF
VITAL
INTEREST

by DR. J. W. S. McCULLOUGH

Editorial Note: Readers desiring the complete set of Dr. McCullough's cancer articles at once may secure same by writing to: The Health League of Canada, 105 Bond St., Toronto, Ont.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON
APRIL 3

SERVING OTHER RACES

Golden text: God is no respecter of persons. 10:34.
Lesson: Mark 7:24-37.
Devotional reading: Isaiah 11:12-16.

Explanations And Comments

Serving in Syrophenicia, Mark 7:24-30. Jesus came with his disciples from Capernaum over the borders of Tyre and Sidon. This was Gentile country, and strange country, it may seem, for Jesus to enter deliberately, for he had cautioned the Twelve to "Go not into the way of the Gentiles, the Jews first be the first to hear of the house of Israel." The explanation is that he had entered this Gentile territory not to preach nor do his customary works of mercy and love, but to rest and to teach the disciples. He had just had a long, wearying, tumultuous controversy with the Pharisees, and he longed to have his Band removed from all that, where they might sit quietly at his feet, safe from the bitter clamors of scribes and Pharisees who were beginning to hate him with a murderous intensity. But try as he would, go where he would, he could not be hid. A Syrophenician woman, a pagan speaking Greek, a Gentile and not a Jewess, heard that he had come and she came to him begging him to heal her daughter. It has always been so: Jesus Christ, the Light of the world, who can no more be hid than a city set upon a hill can be hid. He defies ob-

When the woman pleaded with him to help her, Jesus answered, "Let the children first be filled; for it is not meet to take the children's bread, and cast it to the dogs."

Jesus' manner of speaking and the simile which may have accompanied the words were encouraging to the woman, for she did not turn away, she took up the word and the hint in it; for she was a wise and witty woman. She said, "Yes, Lord, even the dogs under the table eat of the children's crumbs." Even a dog may be entitled to crumbs, or to kind word, or a little help in suffering. Jesus was completely won to her as she said that. He healed her daughter, a Gentile, thus teaching his disciples that faith and healing and works of mercy are not a matter of race nor family nor tradition, that even the Gentiles are the children of God, and that all races and just one must be served. Thus he rebuked the narrowness of the Pharisees and of traditional Judaism, telling them plainly that while the children were to be served first, that all others must have their turn.

No Room For Argument

Onions And Garlic Contain Chemicals Which Kill Germs

Dr. Daniel V. O'Leary, Albany health commissioner, contends that onions and garlic are useful in combating infectious diseases because of their immunity to bacterial attack.

"Yes, sir, weeping over onions may soon be changed to chattering for the onion and garlic," he said. "The very chemicals in onions and garlic which bring tears to the cook's eyes as she prepares the vegetables are now found to have germ-killing powers."

The germ-killing, tear-starting chemicals have been isolated by Dr. Richard E. Vollrath, professor of physics, and Dr. Carl C. Lindgren, chairman of the bacteriological department of the University of Southern California, Dr. O'Leary said.

Toads are worth \$20 each, annually, as cutworm destroyers, it is estimated.

The president of the United States has the power to modify or cancel air and ocean mail contracts.

B. C. PROTESTS WIDER POWERS FOR DOMINION

Victoria. — The British Columbia government declared itself firm against any attempted use of Dominion power to implement international treaties as an indirect means of acquiring jurisdictions otherwise under control of the province.

Adopting the position taken by Lord Aiken in the privy council judgments throwing out Dominion wages-and-hours legislation last year, the government held that in case of treaties where local or private matters were dealt with, Canada as a nation had jurisdiction to implement them by "joint action of the provinces." In all other cases the Dominion parliament had full power to implement treaties.

"The field in which the nation needs to make treaties in relation to matters of a local and private nature and in which some provinces refuse to co-operate is the only one in which any problem arises," Premier T. D. Pattullo told the Rowell commission. "This field is a limited one. It is felt that to give this power unreservedly to the Dominion as was done under section 132 of the B.N.A. Act when treaties were made otherwise than by His Majesty on the advice of his Canadian minister, is not wise."

When the imperial government negotiated the treaties affecting Canada there was no temptation to make a treaty for the purpose of conferring jurisdiction on the Dominion parliament, he said.

"When the Dominion implements a treaty in respect of matters over which the province has jurisdiction, the treaty is made by a competing jurisdiction and there is a temptation to negotiate the treaty with the purpose of acquiring jurisdiction," the premier said. "The recent labor conventions are not free from the suspicion that jurisdiction and not the conventions was the moving consideration."

Premier Pattullo placed before the commission the government's answers to 22 written questions Commission Counsel J. M. Stewart had submitted at the close of the government's main presentation.

The questions, covered in discussion and in the submissions at hearings in other provinces, dealt with basic phases of Dominion-provincial relations. The British Columbia government was opposed to federal control over borrowing, the setting up of a grants commission, enlargement of the income taxes, enlargement of Dominion jurisdiction over insurance.

It favored reorganization of old age pensions on a contributory, flat basis, to be uniform throughout Canada and advocated provincial administration.

It favored recognition of authority for Dominion or province to delegate powers to the other. It promised to review the positions of the municipalities with regard to the tax burden on real estate as soon as an adjustment was made in the financial relations between Dominion and province.

It favored continued tax exemption on municipally-owned public utilities, and felt cost of social services for the large number of transients coming to this province should be charged to the province of origin.

Attending Military Camp

Nearly 2,000 Troops Will Train This Summer Near Calgary

Calgary. — Sarcee camp located on the borders of the Sarcee Indian reserve, five miles west of Calgary, will be the scene of large scale military manoeuvres this summer reminiscent of the Great War days.

Nearly 2,000 infantry and cavalry troops will train there for war and defence as compared with approximately 750 last year. It was learned at military district 13 headquarters.

Takes New Turn

London. — British Broadcasting Corporation's distribution of "counter-propaganda with truth" has taken a new turn. To increase their listening public in the Near East they engaged an Arabian expert on horses to broadcast a running account of the grand national steeplechase at Aintree.

Had Brilliant Career

Saskatchewan's First Premier, Hon. Walter Scott, Dies In Guelph Hospital

Regina. — Saskatchewan's first premier, Hon. Walter Scott, whose name will ever be linked with Regina and the province at large, died in hospital at Guelph, Ont., of a heart ailment. Seventy years old, he had lived in retirement for many years following a brilliant political career which started in 1900 when he went to Ottawa at the age of 33 as Liberal M.P. for Assiniboia West, in the old Territorial days. The constituency of Assiniboia comprised about half the territory now included in the province of Saskatchewan.

Newspaper editor and publisher in Regina before he was elected in the federal house, Mr. Scott played a leading role in the early century fight for the autonomy of Saskatchewan and Alberta.

When Saskatchewan came into being in 1905, he led the Liberal party to victory in the first provincial election, defeating the followers of Frederick Haultain, former premier of the Northwest Territories and who later received a knighthood.

Premier until October 19, 1916, Mr. Scott also was first minister of public works and later minister of education. After his retirement from public life he recovered within two years from what had appeared to be an irreparable breakdown in health. He travelled extensively across Canada after taking up residence at Victoria, B.C., but never attempted to return to politics.

Mr. Scott was 33 years old when he went to Ottawa as Liberal member for Assiniboia and immediately undertook to fight for separation from the Northwest Territories of the prairie areas which in 1905 became Saskatchewan and Alberta.

List Of Denials

Deny Foreign Reports Of Panicky Feeling In Austria

Vienna. — Authoritative quarters issued a long list of denials over foreign reports of alleged panicky feeling among Austrians since union with Germany.

One denial strongly rejected rumors of thousands of suicides since the Nazi accession to power. The statement said "From March 12 to March 22 suicides totalled 96 in Vienna whereas only 50 were directly connected with the change in the political situation in Austria."

Austrian bishops enjoy full liberty, another denial stated, emphasizing there is no reason to take steps against a single one of them.

The Gestapo (political police) added another blueblood to the list of those taken into protective custody by arresting at Monsee the 84-year-old archduke Josef Ferdinand, son of the Grandduke Ferdinand of Tuscany, for "humiliating utterances" against the Nazis. It was explained the utterances had caused considerable indignation among the population.

A New Situation

German Parties Appear To Be Uniting In Czechoslovakia

Praha. — Czechoslovakia faced a new political situation with German parties hitherto outside the Nazi ranks climbing on to the bandwagon of Konrad Henlein, leader of the Republic's Nazi Germans.

Resignation of Erwin Zajisek, representing the German Christian Socialist party in the cabinet as minister without portfolio, was expected.

Political observers envisioned a transition cabinet entirely of Czechs and Slovaks, which would attempt to come to some understanding with Henlein's Sudeten-German party and its satellites. Of 300 seats in the chamber, Henlein controls 49.

Zajisek's expected withdrawal was taken to signify the German Christian Socialist party also was ready to move over into the Henlein camp, although it might retain its separate existence.

Coin May Be Valuable

Comrey, Alta. — An American one-cent piece worth possibly \$400, was discovered by the young son of J. Bidwell Houger, while playing in the attic of his home here. Dated 1799, its value is listed in coin catalogues as "from \$5 to \$400." Comrey is near Medicine Hat 200 miles south-east of Calgary. 2248

NEW COMMISSIONER



Dr. William Allen, B.S.A., Ph.D., Professor of Farm Management, University of Saskatchewan, who has been appointed Agricultural Commissioner for Canada in the United Kingdom.

Officers Promoted

Executive Posts For Officials Of Royal Canadian Mounted Police — Promotions of three senior officers of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police to executive posts were announced from the office of the chief commissioner.

Assistant Commissioner Denis Ryan, now stationed at Regina, has been appointed acting deputy commissioner; Assistant Commissioner Charles H. King, at present office commanding "A" division here, is appointed director of the criminal investigation department at Ottawa; and Assistant Commissioner Thomas Dann, now stationed at Winnipeg, was named director of police training here.

Assistant Commissioner R. L. Cadiz, stationed at Vancouver, will succeed Dann at Winnipeg. Superintendent C. H. Hill, now at Winnipeg, will succeed Cadiz at Vancouver.

Anglo-Italian Agreement

Report Says Italy Is Anxious For Early Accord

London. — The Daily Mail (Independent) said Italian Foreign Minister Galeazzo Ciano may come to London to sign the Anglo-Italian agreement now being negotiated in Rome.

Italy, rather than Britain, is now most anxious for early conclusion of the accord, the New Chronicle (Liberal) said. Premier Mussolini desires to have the agreement completed before Chancellor Hitler goes to Rome May 9, this newspaper said.

Agreed Freight Rates

To Give Railways A Weapon Against Truck Competition

Ottawa. — Agreed freight rates will give the railways a weapon against truck competition without injuring general business, Hon. C. D. Howe, minister of transport, told the House of Commons.

The house gave second reading to the government bill to establish a transport commission with regulatory powers over railways, inland shipping and air traffic. The bill was sent to the house railway committee which will hear representations for and against it.

Agreed rates, as set out in the bill, would be a new transportation feature for the American continent. The minister believed there were ample safeguards against the misuse, including the stipulation there could be no discrimination between large and small shippers.

The agreed charges section of the bill says that "a carrier may make such charge or charges for the transport of goods of any shipper or for the transport of any part of his goods as may be agreed between the carrier and the shipper." The agreed charge must be approved by the board of transport commissioners.

Mexico Celebrates

Monster Demonstration Over Expropriation Of Foreign-Owned Oil Industry

Mexico City. — Mexico's National Anthem swelled from the throats of thousands of overalled workers, congressmen, marching women and business men in a monster demonstration celebrating expropriation of the foreign-owned oil industry as "economic liberation."

Rank on rank of marchers in a sea of banners swept by President Lazaro Cardenas in Independence Square—an outpouring of people unequalled in Mexico city's recent history. Some observers said 200,000 marchers took part in the "jubilee" organized by the Confederation of Mexico Workers (C.M.T.) to acclaim the presidential decree of March 18 which gave over the \$400,000,000 oil properties of 17 British and United States companies.

Near the end of the parade, the president told the marchers Mexico would pay for the expropriated property.

Intelligence Officer Kidnapped

Jerusalem. — Troops and police throughout the Holy Land pressed an intensive search for Nicholas Faries, British intelligence agent kidnapped from an Acre hotel late by an armed band of terrorists.

NEW U.S. ENVOY IN ENGLAND



An expansive smile was flashed by Joseph P. Kennedy, new United States ambassador to the Court of St. James, as he left Buckingham Palace with Sir Sidney Clive, marshal of the diplomatic corps, after presenting his credentials to King George.

RACE IS ON TO SUPPLY ARMS TO WARRING SPAIN

London. — Informed sources said that a two-way race is on to supply arms to warring factions in Spain.

They pictured Italy and Germany as rushing munitions to Spanish insurgents, and Soviet Russia, and to a lesser extent France, sending arms to Spanish government forces.

Insurgent General Franco, they said, has received far more aid than the Spanish government, with three to five times as many planes and crushing artillery supremacy.

A French estimate of 400 German and Italian planes in insurgent Spain, London sources said, was far below the total insurgent air strength.

French fears that foreign guns and planes now used against the Spanish government could be turned against France if war should come, inspired a new suggestion to London.

French official sources said Premier Blum asked Prime Minister Chamberlain to press for withdrawal of arms as well as men in current Italian-British talks.

Reliable sources estimated Franco's foreign volunteers now number 80,000 mainly Italian but including 12,000 to 14,000 Germans. Italian and insurgent sources have estimated a far lower number.

Rome. — "We warn France of the mortal risk intervention (in Spain) will make her run," the Fascist newspaper "Tevere" declared in discussing reports concerning possible French aid to the Spanish government.

"If France budges an inch over the frontier, the movement will be general," it said. "If France loses no one can say where or when it will be recovered," the paper said.

Find Plane Wreckage

Mystery Of Disappearance Of British Bomber Being Actively Solved

London. — The Air Ministry announced that the mystery of disappearance of a crack Vickers-Wellesley bombing plane last February 24 had been partially solved by discovery of wreckage on the head of the North Sea island of Karmø, Norway. The wreckage was identified as part of the bomber by numbers stamped on fragments. No indication was immediately given as to why the plane was so far from England.

It disappeared while on a test flight around the British Isles in practice for a long-distance non-stop flight record attempt, to Australia.

Plans for the three bombers to set out in May. Another crew is being trained to replace the one lost. The start will be made from Egypt to enable the machines to reach Melbourne, Australia, 9,000 miles away. Should they run short of fuel they could land at Darwin, Australia, 7,000 miles from Egypt—and still beat the existing record held by the Soviet top-of-the-world fliers, of 6,305 miles from Moscow to San Jacinto, Cal.

The plane that disappeared left upper Heyford, Oxfordshire, at 11:50 a.m., February 23, for a long trial flight. Her occupants, presumed dead, were Flight Lieutenant F. S. Gardner, Flying Officer G. J. D. Thomson and Sergeant George Higgs.

Will Visit Germany

Potters Bar, England. — A British Legion objective of cementing good relations between war veterans of this country and Germany was not affected by the Hitler coup in Austria. "Old Comrades" announced there would be no change in their plans to send delegations to Germany this year to fraternize with German war veterans.

Billed For Bombing

Washington. — The state department announced that United States Ambassador James Grew had presented Japan with a bill for the three deaths, injuries and damages caused by the bombing by Japanese planes of the American gunboat Panay and three oil tankers on Dec. 12, 1937. The U.S. requested Japan to pay \$2,214,007.36.

HEALTHY CHILDREN
and
Happy CHILDREN

CHILDREN of all ages thrive on "CROWN BRAND" CORN SYRUP. They never tire of its delicious flavor and it really is so good for them—to give the children "CROWN BRAND" every day.

Leading physicians pronounce "CROWN BRAND" CORN SYRUP a most satisfactory carbohydrate to use as a milk modifier in the feeding of tiny infants and as an energy producing food for growing children.

THE FAMOUS ENERGY FOOD

EDWARDSBURG
CROWN BRAND
CORN SYRUP
THE CANADA STARCH COMPANY Limited

WHAT HO!

—By—

RICHARD CONNELL

By Arrangement With Thomas Allen, Publisher, Toronto.

CHAPTER VIII.—Continued

"I do," said the earl. "Bit like a breeze from the small mammal house in the zoo. Must be bats. Have you noticed any in the canopy of your bed?"

"No, sir."

"I've found some in mine," said the earl. "Frequently. But no matter. Such is life in a castle. What I came here for was to take you on a round of social calls."

"Where, sir?"

"Right here in the castle. It's an old tradition, you see. I as host, and you as co-host—I may coin a word—must visit all the rooms to summon to dinner any guests who have not already gone down. Clubby custom, what?"

"Very."

"It started in Georgian times," explained the earl. "It was Lucius Bingley's idea. In those four bottle days it behooved a host to make sure that none of his guests had fallen out of a window or rolled under a bed. Let's push off, what?"

"I'll be with you as soon as I put my shoes on," said Ernest. He managed to get them out of the closet without waking the sleeping cub.

They visited most of the 44 bedrooms, and Ernest was presented to the guests who regarded him with considerable interest. The fact that many of the guests had already descended to the Great Hall, and that the rest were in various states of debauchery did not deter the earl from doing his duty to the full.

Their tour completed, Ernest said: "If you'll excuse me, sir, I think I shan't come down to dinner."

"Oh, but you must," said the earl. "We're having guests."

"I'm sorry," said Ernest, "but I belong to a religious sect which does not eat grouse."

"Any scruples against chops?"

"No, sir."

"Chops it is," said the earl. "I'll rather stay in my room."

"But no end of people are looking forward to meeting you," said the earl. "Sir Peter Tyler, for one."

"Who, sir?"

"Surely you've heard of Sir Peter Tyler."

"The name seems familiar," said Ernest, though it didn't.

"It should be to a financier," said the earl. "Sir Peter is what you

slangy Yanks would call a 'big shot' in the Street" and what we correct Brits call a 'big pot' in the City."

"Of course I've heard of him."

"Oh, that Tyler," said Ernest. "Of 'You and he could have a cozy little chat about monopolies, pools, foreign exchange and so on.'"

"In very sorry, sir," said Ernest, firmly, "but the fact is I feel an attack of my old complaint stealing on me."

"Your old complaint? What is it?"

"I don't know the scientific name for it," said Ernest, "but in America we call it 'caterpillar stomach'."

"Not serious, I trust."

"Oh, no. Not if you stay in bed for a day and a night."

"I'm so sorry, Ernest. It means missing the dinner and the hunt and the ball."

"I may recover in time to attend the ball," said Ernest.

"I hope so," said the earl, and went down to join the guests.

All the doctors in all the clinics would have found no symptoms of caterpillar stomach had they examined Ernest; but they would have found signs of stage-fright with complications of shyness brought on by a lack of proper evening attire.

He entered his lower chamber lit by a single sickly bulb, he gave a start for there seemed to be a black figure lying on his bed. A second glance showed him that it was a dinner suit. To the lapel of the coat was pinned a note. It read—

"Dear Mr. Bingley:

I hope you will not think me forward but having on hand this suit, formerly the property of Hon. P. Iverson, now grown too obese for same, I venture to hope it may be of use to you.

Respectfully and gratefully,
Your obedient servant,
C. CRUMP.

P.S. Trust trousers are not too tight for you.

F.P.R. Elaine continues to wag and bark in a most satisfactory manner."

Ernest grinned.

"Good old Crump," he said.

He struggled with temptation, but it was an unequal combat. Temptation carried too many guns. Ernest surrendered in exactly 27 seconds of the first round. He began to don the dinner suit, the first time in his life he had ever entered such a costume.

Ernest was slender, but the erstwhile owner must have approached the vanishing point. The coat fitted him like the skin of an asp, and the trousers looked as if they had been painted on.

Having made sure that the cub was tranquilly slumbering in its closet nest, Ernest started for the dining room, walking, for reasons of prudence, with careful short, stiff steps like a one-man parade of the wooden soldiers.

The grouse and he entered the dining room simultaneously and he stole the show from the birds.

Food and manners were the storm forgotten as the diners started at Ernest, while he followed Crump to a chair at the table, walking warily with the slow gait of a somnambulist.

He found that his seat was next to Lady Rosa.

"I saved a place for you," she whispered. "I had a hunch you were coming."

Captain Duff-Hooper, on Rosa's left, cracked a knuckle at his grouse.

The other guests, more or less covertly, were watching Ernest.

They seemed disappointed when he ate his grouse in a normal, well-bred manner, instead of tossing it with the earl and snapping at it as it passed his mouth.

The talk at table went over Ernest's head like a mail train. It was a highly technical brand of horse-hoof-fox talk, and mostly abracadabra to him.

"Hounds seem restless tonight," remarked Duff-Hooper. "Listen! Hear them!"

They heard without listening. From the temporary pen in the stableyard came a chorus of bays, doleful, eerie.

"Some wild creature must be about," said the captain. "I've never heard them so excited."

"Their appetites will be whetted for tomorrow's run," said Sir Peter Tyler. He looked like a bank, with his solid build and conservative granite face. He picked his words with care, as if he were taking them, word by word, from a safety deposit box.

After dinner Ernest, in spite of some nimble dodging found himself pinned in an alcove, by the famous financier.

"You're oil, steel, wool, aren't you?" said Sir Peter.

"Yes, sir," Ernest replied, and saw no harm in adding, "Also furs, fish and bananas."

"Steamships, food-stuffs, sugar and diamonds, myself, said Sir Peter."

"No pig iron?"

"Not at the moment. Later, perhaps. Profit pig-iron, what?"

"It depends," said Ernest.

"Quite so," agreed the banker.

"How's money in the States?"

"Scarce."

"Tight, eh?"

"Tight as—as trousers," answered Ernest.

"What are your views on inflation, Mr. Bingley?"

"I'd rather not say," said Ernest, who had none whatever. Feeling this was a bit blunt, he added, "I do not wish to commit myself at the moment. I hope you understand."

"Perfectly," said Sir Peter. "Wise of you, Bingley. Men in our position must be careful."

Unseen by Sir Peter, Ernest made a grimace at the passing Rosa, which he hoped she would interpret as a signal to come to his rescue.

"Would it be indecent to inquire if you contemplate making any investments in England?" asked Sir Peter.

"I may," said Ernest. "And I may not. It depends."

"On whether a good thing comes your way, I take it," said Sir Peter with a fraternal wink.

Then Rosa came up to them.

"May I borrow Mr. Bingley, Sir Peter?" she said. "I'll pay whatever interest you wish to charge."

"I cannot refuse a loan to so charming a lady," said the banker with a bow.

Ernest escorted Lady Rosa across the Great Hall.

"Why were you making faces at me?" she asked.

"So you'd do what you did do," he replied. "I'd rather talk to you than Sir Peter."

"Thank you."

"You see, I don't feel financial tonight."

"How do you feel, Ernest?"

"I feel," began Ernest, seeing an opening, "I feel—and missing it—'swell. How do you feel, Rosa?"

"Excited. About the hunt tomorrow. Aren't you?"

"Oh, yes. Yes, yes, indeed."

"I'm rather annoyed at Esme," she said.

"Good."

"What?"

"I mean 'why'?"

"He's been telling everybody that Esme's remark of yours. He says he thinks you meant it."

"I can't understand why Captain Duff-Hooper seems so unfriendly to me," said Ernest. "I haven't done anything to him."

"Oh, haven't you?"

"Why, no," said Ernest. "Nothing intentional, of that I'm sure. What have I done to him?"

"Suppose you go to some quiet spot, and try to figure out the answer," said Rosa.

A blast of dance music from a superannuated radio put a period to their conversation.

Ernest waltzed with Rosa. Also with the Countess of Rathberry.

"Why, you're a rather nice young man," remarked the countess.

"Thank you."

"When do you turn into a monster?"

"Not till midnight," said Ernest.

After the younger guests had danced and talked horse, and the older guests had played bridge and talked horse, the Earl of Bingley showed them off to bed at eleven, remarking,

"To your napping now. The back of a hunter is no place for a snooze. Breakfast at seven sharp. Pleasant dreams to me and all."

(To Be Continued)

Secured Results

A Toronto peasant where the congregational singing had been half-hearted, painfully so, is reported to have secured great results, when, prior to the singing of the Doxology at the close of the service, he remarked to his parishioners: "Just imagine you are singing 'Hail, hail, the gang's all here'." The response was vociferous.

A Pottin, England, cricketer of 87 years, arranged to be buried in the striped blazer his admirers presented to him in 1888 for notable play.

Italy has had about 14,000 earthquakes in the last 82 years.

WATER-COLOUR TINTS FOR ECONOMY

ALATINT IS WASHABLE

says "Alabastine Al"

Provide soft and restful wall finishes that protect the eyes:
...a tint to correct rooms too dark or too bright... use ALATINT for attractive walls and ceilings.



ALATINT
THE WASHABLE WALL FINISH—by the makers of Alabastine

The Experienced Driver

The Driver Who Knows How Still May Drive Dangerously

A representative analysis of United States automobile fatalities nets the "dangerous age" at from 19 to 20.

Drivers in this classification, on a per capita basis, kill more than three times as many as do middle-aged drivers and even more than younger motorists.

These figures are taken from a talk by Dr. Harry M. Johnson, of the Highway Research board of the National Research Council, as reproduced by Science Digest. "We can sum up the whole situation," he declares, "by saying the young drivers cause twice as many deaths as the average. The middle-aged drivers have the fewest accidents, and the fewest deaths on their record as a class. The number of deaths caused by older drivers—that is, the number of deaths per hundred thousand of these drivers—is higher than in middle age. But not nearly up to the high death mark set by the young folks behind the wheel."

Here is the paradox—and one which throws some light on the question of skill and dexterity in handling automobiles. "In the tests of driving skill," says Mr. Johnson, "the young folks make a fine showing. They can stop a car quicker, react to a danger sign quicker. But it doesn't keep them out of trouble. Nobody knows how many accidents their quickness does get them out of. Or how much trouble it gets them into. And so, there's the paradox I mentioned—the most skillful driving age is the most dangerous. But why? Experience may play some part. It isn't how well you drive, but how good you are at knowing your own skill. It looks as though judgment and experience play a bigger role in safe driving than youthful skill and alertness."

It might be added that this confidence in a superior skill, or the smart-aleck daring of certain drivers of all ages, cannot be confined to any particular classification. It is a symptom of immaturity and irresponsibility that unfortunately take too free a rein on the roads—Hamilton Spectator.

Historic Bible

Remarkable Bible Which Belonged To Queen Alexandra

The King has presented to the Dean and Chapter of Norwich a remarkable folio Bible which belonged to his grandmother, Queen Alexandra. It contains the following inscription:

"To Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales this Bible, with accompanying stand, is presented by the Sunday Schools of Great Britain and Ireland. MDCCLXXVII."

The inscription is elaborately engrossed with coats of arms, differentiated for the Prince of Wales, of England, Scotland and Ireland, and also the three Prince of Wales feathery. The binding is a sumptuous one. On the front cover there are ivory medallions showing the Crucifixion, the Nativity, the blessing of little children; and, from the Old Testament, Moses in the ark of bulrushes, and Samuel before Eli. On the back cover is a large ivory medallion with the arms of the Prince of Wales impaling the Royal arms of Denmark. The stand cannot be traced—London Times.

The quills of hedgehogs are used for anatomical pins by English surgeons since they are rustproof.

The death's head sphinx-moth wears the sign of death upon its back.

Give Less Trouble

Women Are More Appreciative Of Railway Service Than Men

Women are better travellers than men, A. A. Gardiner, assistant general passenger traffic manager of the Canadian National Railways, told a women's club in Montreal. They know their own minds. While more women where to go, women know and start marketing. They like bargain excursions. When it comes to family vacations, they make the decision in 75 to 80 per cent. of the cases.

"They are not so hard to please," Mr. Gardiner said gratefully. "They are more interested in what goes on around them; therefore, they get more out of travel. They know exactly what they want and, knowing the difficulty of service, they more fully appreciate what is done for them."

With a greater appreciation of beauty and the fact that they are happier all year when surrounded by beauty and place a high value on cleanliness, women much more than men, he said, help the railways make their service attractive.

"Generally, the ladies show their better travel sense in nothing more strikingly than in their baggage. Even a complete wardrobe is light, compact and easily carried. Small overnight bags as against the huge and cumbersome impediments men carry, evidence the good judgment of the ladies."

A Woman Engineer

Mrs. Wilkinson Of Toronto Was Once On C.P.R. Pay Roll

The only woman engineer ever to work for the Canadian Pacific Railway. Mrs. Mary Ellen Wilkinson recently celebrated her 88th birthday in Toronto.

She became a railway engineer when she and her husband, Thomas Wilkinson, a C.P.R. employee, were pioneering at Cartier and North Bay. The railway had just pushed its line through there. A divisional superintendent of the railway visited North Bay while her husband was operating the railway turn-table and when he asked who was firing the engines and keeping the pump-houses going he was surprised to hear that Mrs. Wilkinson was. Her name then was placed on the pay roll.

Mrs. Wilkinson hasn't handled the throttle of a locomotive for many years, but is still turning out prize-winning needlework. She likes to recall that her husband, who died some years ago, was the engineer who drove the first locomotive from Pembroke to Cartier. The same engine a few years ago was on display at the Canadian National Exhibition.

Not Ordinary Clock

An alarm clock which will awaken its owner with 20 different sounds on as many consecutive days is the invention of Mario Piretti, a watchmaker of Venice, Italy. On the first day an ordinary bell rings. Among the other 19 sounds are an automobile horn, a fox-trot melody and a revolver shot.

Floorwalker: "I notice that your last customer did not buy anything but he seemed very pleased. What did he want to see?"

Salesgirl: "Me at eight o'clock."

STOP Itching
TORTURE IN A MINUTE

For quick relief from the itching of eczema, urticaria, pruritus, skin diseases, and other skin ailments, use the famous "STOP ITCHING" ointment. It is the only ointment that gives instant relief. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

DR. H. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes. It is the only ointment that is guaranteed to stop the itching in 10 minutes.

FREE CHART

RAYMAR, Canada's largest and most successful hairdresser, will send you a complete chart of the latest hair styles and colors free of charge. Just fill in the coupon and send it to us today. We will send you the chart and a copy of our new book, "The Art of Hairdressing".

RAYMAR, 1000 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, N.Y.

1000 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, N.Y.

Stony Plain and District.

Mr Parker, the well known exhibitor of silent movies, is arranging to pay a visit to Regina.

Mr K H Baron, an old-time farmer of the Rosenthal district, on Saturday moved to his farm in Barrhead district which he recently purchased.

Eric Heichen, the well-known sport and former resident, paid Stony a visit on Saturday.

Mr P Theuss, who has farmed in Glory Hills district for the past ten years, has moved with his family to his new layout half a mile from Gunn station.

The meeting billed for Monday night in the town hall to reorganize the board of trade was called off, owing to the small crowd which put in an appearance. Among those who attended were Messieurs L M Larson, W Kelly, W Parker, H Trapp and Secretary Malloco.

Mr Ralph Smith left on Saturday for Barrhead district, to look over some choice farm properties there. At the last reports, no purchase had been made.

The high winds on Saturday played havoc with the lines which supply light and power to this town. The service was cut down during the tea hour, and again later in the evening.

The S.P. Senior ball club, with the co-operation of the hockey club, concluded a series of whist drives Thursday the 24th, and report a balance on hand of about \$20 for the ball-tossers this summer.

The Holborn Baseball Club will hold a dance Friday Evg., April 1st.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED at The Royal Cafe.

Magistrate McCulla's Court.

The following cases were heard on Saturday, before Magistrate McCulla, those appearing being charged with breaches of the Excise Act. Corporal Cameron of the RCMP prosecuted.

Bert Harrington was fined \$100 or the alternative of 3 months' imprisonment.

Metro Melenko, found guilty and fined \$300, or six months' imprisonment.

George Mueller, fined \$100 with the alternative of 3 months' imprisonment.

O Grenier, fined \$300 or 3 months' Remanded for 30 days.

Spruce Grove News.

Heavy shipments of cream are being made from this district at present; Woodland Dairy Agent McKean making trips to the City practically every day.

Mr. Harry T. Brox, the noted entertainer, on Tuesday the 29th, was the recipient of congratulations from his many friends, it being the 21st anniversary of his birth.

One of the big auctions of the season is billed for to day March 31st, at the Beuerlin farm, 6 miles south of the Grove. The sale is being held to settle the estate of the late Robert Beuerlein, and there are a large number of farm implements, etc., to be disposed of.

The business places here were slightly inconvenienced on Saturday evening, when the electric lights were not up to the usual standard.

COMMERCIAL PRINTING AT PRICES YOU CAN AFFORD. TRY THE SUN PRINTERY

For Posters, Auction Bills, Show Bills,
Circulars, Labels, Invoices,
Show Cards, Hangers, Loose Leaves,
Dance Cards, Shipping Tags,
Statements, Tickets, Bill Heads,
Memorial Cards, Wedding Invitations,
Business Cards, Badges, Prize Lists,

A GOOD ROAD AND A NEW CHEVROLET SIX FOR REAL PLEASURE.

Wherever You Find Autos, there You Find
a New Chevrolet Six.

Tragic Death of Reginald Pugh.

Friends here of the Pugh family heard with keen regret of the tragic death in a snow slide of young Reginald Pugh, son of George H Pugh, of Jasper.

The slide occurred in the Elysium valley, some eighteen miles from Jasper. Those with Reg. Pugh were his brother Alan and a guide named Don Phillips. They had been securing photographs of the snow-clad mountains when the slide occurred.

The body of young Pugh was recovered on Wednesday and taken to Jasper town for burial.

The deceased was well known here, having attended the local school a few years ago, and was quite a favorite with the pupils and teachers at the school.

The funeral of Mr Pugh's father, the late Mr. T. E. Pugh, took place on Wednesday at McLeod. Heartfelt sympathy is extended to Mr and Mrs G. H. Pugh on their double bereavement.

Mrs. C. Gates and Mr. T. J. Hardwick left for Jasper so soon as word of the accident reached here.

Alan Pugh, who had such a narrow escape from death, has on numerous occasions, spent his holidays in Stony Plain with his grandmother, Mrs C Gates.

Funeral services were held at Jasper Monday. The body had been brought down from from Elysium valley, the scene of the accident, on Saturday by the rescue party. Funeral was held from the Anglican church. School chimes of deceased acted as pall-bearers.

Reginald is survived by his parents Mr and Mrs George H Pugh; his brother Alan; a sister, Nancy; and another brother, Jack.

The World of Wheat.

By H. G. L. Strange, Director Research Department,
Searle Grain Co. Ltd.

"Thatcher is now recognized as equal in milling value to Marquis, and so is acceptable for the grade No. 1 Northern."

This is the good news received from Great Britain, where large scale tests on the milling of Thatcher, the new rust-resistant wheat, were arranged to be made by the Board of Grain Commissioners.

Farmers who operate in the rust areas, and who expect to seed some 5 million acres with Thatcher this Spring, will be glad. The governments who have encouraged the use of Thatcher will be happy, and the Crop Testing Plan particularly will be relieved, for about half of all the Thatcher to be seeded this spring comes from the stocks the Crop Testing Plan brought in from Minnesota 2 years ago.

It all means Thatcher will considerably increase the income of prairie farmers in the rust areas of Manitoba and Saskatchewan, and besides will do no harm to the reputation of Marquis and other high quality wheats on world markets.

Thatcher is not a perfect rust-resistant wheat, but it is an excellent stop-gap until the plant breeders of the Dominion experimental farms, the universities and Rust Research laboratory can produce something better; which will certainly come about, I for one believe, in a few years.

THE WORLD'S GOOD NEWS
will come to your home every day through
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
An International Daily Newspaper

It records for you the world's clean, constructive doings. The Monitor does not exploit crime or sensation; neither does it ignore them, but deals constructively with them. Features for busy men and all the family, including the Weekly Magazine Section.

The Christian Science Publishing Society
One North Street, Boston, Massachusetts

Please enter my subscription to The Christian Science Monitor for
1 year \$5.00 6 months \$3.00 3 months \$1.50 1 month 50c
Shipping extra, including magazine section: 1 year \$5.50, 6 months \$3.50, 3 months \$1.75, 1 month 55c

Name _____
Address _____
Send Copy on Request

Housewives! Cooks!

Send me all the blue "fronts" of Royal Yeast Cake boxes that you can collect. I want to win that Popularity Contest and four-year University course. Am a farm boy, age 20; have passed Grade 12. Fraser Carmichael, Stony Plain.

Birthday Congratulations

To Miss Eleanor Wudel, on her 14th birthday, April 2nd.

Card of Thanks.

The S. P. Senior Hook-up Club wish to express their appreciation to all sport fans for their moral and financial support during the past season and especially to those who contributed uniforms and furnished transportation for the club. The season was closed successfully with a small surplus on hand.

Mebbe He's Right.

The housewife is advised by a home decorator to let the color scheme of her kitchen match her complexion. It might be added, too, that surprising results might often be obtained by spending as much time on the kitchen as on the complexion, remarks an exchange.

DR. R. E. JESPERSEN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Graduate Nurse in attendance.
Office and Residence, 1st St. W.
Opp. Town Hall Phone 1

G. J. BRYAN, B. A., LL. B.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
STONY PLAIN.

DR. W. E. WEBBER,
DENTAL SURGEON.
410 Empire Bldg., Edmonton.
PHONE 24555
At Stony Plain on Fridays.

CLASSIFIED.

For Sale - Grade B Ligan Stallion, 5 years old on May 5th wt. over 1700. GEO. SCHRIEDMAN, Duffin, Ont. to A.

For Sale - 3 first class Purebred Turkey Toms, under 1 year; wt. 26 pounds; price \$6.50 each. See F. Carmichael, Stony Plain.

For Sale - Purebred Light Sussex Roosters; average 7 lbs.; \$1.25 each. M. Soltan, 3 miles north of Beach Corner.

MAN WANTED for Rawleigh Route of 800 families. Write today. Rawleigh, Dept. WOB, 98 S.A. Winnipeg, Man., Canada.

FOR SALE School Books - all grades, at reasonable prices. Exercise Books and Scribbles at mill prices. Sun Book Shop.

CLASSIFIED ADS. in The Sun bring results.

**Trim SHEER
SILK-CLAD
ANKLES are
important!**
Cortecelli
SILK STOCKINGS

Time Table for Mails.

Mails to East by Train - 6:23 p.m., Sun. Wed. Fri.
By Bus - 11 a.m. Tues., Thurs. Saturday.
Mail from East by train - 1:32 p.m. Sun. Tues. Thurs.
By Bus - 4:55 p.m. Monday Wed. Sat.

**AUCTION SALE BILLS,
WELL GOT UP AND PRINTED
AND ADVERTISING**
TOO, ARE ESSENTIAL IF YOU WISH
YOUR SALE TO BE A SUCCESS.
BRING YOUR LIST TO
The STONY PLAIN SUN